

TRESPASS

[Black's Law Dictionary, 4th Ed., 1891]

"Trespass, in its most comprehensive sense, signifies any transgression or offense against the law of nature, of society, or of the country in which we live; and this, whether It relates to a man's person or to his property.

In its more limited and ordinary sense, it signifies an injury committed with violence, and this violence may be either actual or implied; and the law will imply violence though none is actually used when the injury is of a direct and immediate kind and committed on the person or tangible and corporeal property of the plaintiff.

Doing of unlawful act, or of lawful act in unlawful manner to injury of another's person or property. Waco Cotton Oil Mill of Waco v. Walker, Tex.Civ.App., 103 S.W.2d 1071, 1072.

An unlawful act committed with violence, actual or implied, causing injury to the person, property, **or relative rights of another**; an injury or misfeasance to the person, property, **or rights of another, done with force and violence, either actual or implied in law.** Grinson v. State, 89 Ind. 536, 46 Am.Rep. 178; Southern Ry. Co. v. Harden, 101 Ga. 263, 28 S.E. 847; Brown v. Walker, 188 N.C. 52, 123 S.E. 633, 636.

[Trespass] comprehends not only forcible wrongs, but also are acts the consequences of which make them tortious. Mawson v. Vess Beverage Co., Mo.App., 173 S.W.2d 606, 612, 613, 614.

Joint trespass. Where two or more persons unite in committing it, or where some actually commit the tort, the others command, encourage or direct it.

Stephens v. Schadler, 182 Ky. 833, 207 S.W. 704."

"In tort law, trespass is held to infringe upon a property owner's legal right to enjoy the benefits of ownership. Criminal charges, which range from violation to felony, may be brought against someone who interferes with another person's legal property rights."

<https://www.law.cornell.edu/wex/trespass>